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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	Northern District of California		
10	San Francisco Division		
11	U.S. ETHERNET INNOVATIONS LLC, No. C 10-03724 CW (LB)		
12	Plaintiff,		
13	V. ORDER RE DISCOVERY DISPUTE IN ECF NO. 1036		
14	ACER INC, et al.,		
15	Defendants.		
16	/		
17	The first discovery issue is whether USEI is entitled to ask HP's 30(b)(6) witness questions		
18	about Topic 38, "The Patent and Sale Agreement" ("PSA"). See Joint Letter Brief, ECF No. 136.		
19	HP asks for a protective order because the information is not relevant. See id. HP assets a license		
20	defense that it obtained from 3Com to practice the patents-in-suit. See id. at 2. It argues that its		
21	defense does not put the PSA at issue, and USEI does not have standing to challenge the PSA. See		
22	id. USEI responds that HP's defense puts the PSA at issue. See id. at 3.		
23	In an earlier order, the court discussed the PSA, which is the patent sales agreement for the sale		
24	by 3Com of the patents to Parallel Technology (before HP acquired 3Com). See 5/2/13 Order, ECF		
25	No. 747. The information is relevant because HP has raised it as a defense to USEI's patent		
26	infringement claims. See id.; Joint Letter Brief, ECF No. 1036 at 3. The court denies HP's motion		
27	to prevent any 30(b)(6) testimony about the PSA.		
28	The next issue is whether USEI described "with reasonable particularity the matters for		

C 10-03724 CW (LB) ORDER

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examination." Joint Letter Brief, ECF No. 1026 at 2 (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 30(b)(6)). HP argues		
that it does not because Topic 38 references only "the Patent and Sales Agreement." Id. at 3. In an		
email exchange, USEI said that the scope related to "any knowledge or actions by HP concerning"		
the PSA. <i>Id.</i> (emphasis omitted). HP says that this is too broad, and it also is concerned that USEI		
will question the 30(b)(6) deponent about the legal significance of the PSA's terms. <i>Id.</i> USEI		
responds that the full quote continues, " and the factual bases for HP's position that, as of April		
12. 2012, HP acquired a valid license to the patents at issue in this case pursuant to the PSA." <i>Id.</i> I		
also reassured HP's counsel that the questions would not be legal and "would instead focus on		
specific facts relating to the PSA provisions, which establish conditions precedent to the validity of		
the assignment of the PSA." <i>Id.</i> at 4.		

At the hearing on March 31, 2014, USEI's counsel reaffirmed these limits, and the court orders them here. The court denies HP's motion for a protective order.

This disposes of ECF No. 1036.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 31, 2014

LAUREL BEELER United States Magistrate Judge